FROM THE DESK OF



J. GARRETT SMITH, P.E.

9.16.22

Washington State Supreme Court

in re Supreme Court No. 10/014-1/CoA No. 55531-0-II

Swith v. Golik" · tublic Records Act Abdication.

Dear Deputy Clerk Fendleton:

Thank you for your clarifying 9.12.22 letter and for accepting my sincere apology for not fully understanding the tenets of RAP 13.4(d).

Rother Than spin deeper into "Answers to your Motion to Strike my Reply", let us pivot to the enclosed "MOTION TO AMEND" my Petition.

Here's why this makes sense:

(a) the purpose is simply to make it perfectly clear that I DID afready Follow the CA-IT's directive to RCW 42.56.550 - to "bring an action to compel production" (reference EXH. A18AZ, enclosed again). Indeed, my very grounds for the timing of this instant Petition are that, over Smonths later since 6.6.22, Golik & Clark County continue to make sport of their potent defiance of the Public Records Act, and (b) tais mailing, again, triggers 18 uscs 66 324 duties to remedy patently obvious criminal acts by State officials.

Thank you for doing the next right thing.



No. 101014-1 Washington State WASHINGTON STATE SUPREME COURT in re Suith v. Golik' · PUBLIC RECORDS ACT ABDICATION. MOTION TO AMEND LETITION "1st Anument Right to Redress" IN GOOD FAITH, Come Now Petitioner Smith, Moving the Court for lee to Amend with this brief Motion. A. GROUND Suith's aim is short & simple: to plainly clarify and confirm that he HAS, in fact, already fully heeded the CoA-II's 5.17.22 Order in #55531-80-II to "bring action to compel production" via RCW 42.56.550. Exhibits A12AZ include copies of these actions filed duly by Smith on 6.6.22 that still remain lawlessly ignored over 3 months later. B. ARGUMENT Of course, this latest example of making sport of Detendant's patent fraud and its cover-up, are lawless. These abdications July trip all 4 levers of RAP 13.4(b). Therefore, Smith reasonably Moves this Court to

Simply Amend his 6.22.22 Fetition for Review

MOTION TO AMEND

1/3

No.101014-1 with this re-notification of recurring refusal to simply obey the simple mandates of the Public Records Act (RCW 42.56). C. SYNOPSIS Anthony Golik and the Clark County Superin Count can resort to bellicose name-calling and diversions in their fusillades of nugatory gamesmanship. However, uncontested and irrefutable facts in evidence prove that they lied in 2013 and are still lying today. Francelly, verifying that evidence is real is a germane construct of the Public Records Act: Either the recording in Suith's Oregon-corporate iPhone actually exists, or it does not. Re-

doudant acoustic focusic experts testify that it does not. Simply, RCW 42.56 provides the litures test. To date, including in Smith's duly-filed 6.6.22 actions to compel, pursuant to the COA-IL'S 5.17.22 directive, Golik & Vancouver & Clark County

have completely refused to obey that Law.

There is no tenable defense for this persistent abdication, that is criminally pernicious.

MOTION TO AMEND

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No. 10/014-1 It is far post time to rationally & lawfully enforce One of only Two legally-viable rollings: 1/ Play The Real Voice Mail, 2/ Free Garrett Swith Now. Because it is never legally or morally acceptable to use fake evidence for steal any person's Liberty, this Supreme Court should not compound abdication with abdication any longer. Sincerely submitted under penalty of perjury on this 16th Day of Sotaler, 2022: T. P.E.

MOTION TO AMEND

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EXH. A1

WASHINGTON STATE SUPERIOR COURT

IN AND FOR CLARK COUNTY

in re: Case No. 13-1-01035-6

JOHN GARRETT SMITH, Plaintiff v. ANTHONY GOLIK, Defendant

MOTION FOR DE JURE DISCLOSURE

(RCW 42.56.550)
IN FORM OF
NOTIFICATION OF FELONIES

(18 USCS §§ 3 & 4)

1. INTRODUCTION

Comes Now Plaintiff, John Garrett Smith, having been denied an opportunity to inspect a Public Record by Defendant, Anthony Golik, and his agency, the Office of Prosecuting Attorney, timely and duly filing this Motion per RCW 42.56.550 and, as directed by the Court of Appeals on 5.17.22 (reference Appendix A).

This call for Judicial Review specifically challenges Defendant's dubious disregard of RCW 42.56.080, -.120, -.510, and -.010(3)(4).

Succinctly, Mr. Smith seeks reasonable injunction by the State Superior Court regarding his multi-year long attempts for (1) lawful compulsory disclosure of a simple Public Record that is well-defined by RCW 42.56.010(3)(4), and (2) lawful response from the State Judiciary to his Notices of Felony Acts (falsification of a Public Record, RCW 9A.72.020, 40.16.010, -.020, -.030) that axiomatically trigger 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 responsibilities and duties.

2. IDENTIFICATION OF MOVER

Smith hereby files, seeking injunction by the Court.

Per RCW 42.56.550(3), this action is de novo.

3. STATEMENT OF CASE

For nine (9) years, the Defendant has continually ignored or suppressed dozens of proper request for compulsory disclosure of a simple Public Record.

Appendices BI and BII contain uncontested and therefore averred (per CR 37(a)(3)) proof of criminal (felony) fabrication of Defendant's solitary evidence sustaining Smith's incarceration under J&S #13-1-01035-6: 'State v. Smith', 196 Wn.App 238-39 (2016). This fact triggers both prongs of ER 1003.

Appendix C shows an original Petition for Writ of Mandamus intervention against Defendant's legerdemain. This Writ has been deferred to this Motion – again, reference Appendix A.

Appendix D cites 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 duties pursuant to Notices (including this instant one to the Superior Court of Washington) of felony acts in violation of RCW 9A.72.020 and 40.16.010, -.020, -.030 / Falsification of a Public Record.

Appendix E cites 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 duties pursuant to Notices (including this instant one) of felony acts in violation of RCW 9A.72.020 and 40.16.010, -.020, .030 / Falsification of a Public Record.

Appendix F contains recent examples of Smith's reasonable attempts to achieve lawful response from Defendant / Clark County Prosecutor's Office, to no avail but the banal ignoring and obfuscation of a simple, reasonable, and well-crafted Request.

4. ISSUE FOR REVIEW

- i. Is it lawful for public officials to ignore ubiquitous laws for mandatory disclosure ('Brady v. Maryland' (1963), Public Records Act (RCW 42.56), Freedom of Information Act)?
- ii. Is it lawful to use fabricated fake Public Records as evidence (RCW 9A.72 and 40.16) to purchase and sustain a criminal conviction ('State v. Smith', 196 Wn.App 238-39 (2016))?
- iii. Is it lawful for State courts to enable and sustain the proven criminal acts of (i) and (ii) (18 USCS §§ 3 & 4)?

in re: Case No. 13-1-01035-6

5. ARGUMENT

This cause remains axiomatic – it is self-evident that Defendant is disregarding simple law because the State judiciary is allowing him to.

Do 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 include exemptions whenever diversionary protocols exist? Of course not.

Defendant continues to purposefully break ubiquitous disclosure laws, and State courts continue to purposefully violate 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4. The result not only enables Defendant's aiding and abetting of felonies, but also sustains the denial of Smith's highly protected personal substantive Due Process right to security against fabricated evidence (US Constitution, Amend. 14 for States, §1).

Citing RCW 42.56.550(3):

"Courts shall take into account the policy of this Chapter that free and open examination of Public Records is in the public interest, even though such examination may cause inconvenience or embarrassment to public officials or to others."

6. CONCLUSION

This State Court should finally stop the buck here.

Lawful Resolution remains extraordinarily efficient, simple and compulsory: "Play The Real Voice Mail – It's The Law".

Respectfully submitted under penalty of perjury on this 6th Day of June, 2022 by:

J. Garrett Smith, PE

Movant

EXH. AZ

WASHINGTON STATE SUPERIOR COURT

IN AND FOR CLARK COUNTY

in re: Case No. 13-1-01035-6

JOHN GARRETT SMITH, Plaintiff
v.
VANCOUVER POLICE DEPARTMENT, Defendant

MOTION FOR DE JURE DISCLOSURE

(RCW 42.56.550)
IN FORM OF
NOTIFICATION OF FELONIES

(18 USCS §§ 3 & 4)

1. INTRODUCTION

Comes Now Plaintiff, John Garrett Smith, having been denied an opportunity to inspect a Public Record by multiple members of the Vancouver Police Department, an agency of the City of Vancouver under the State of Washington, timely and duly filing this Motion per RCW 42.56.550.

This call for Judicial Review specifically challenges Defendant's dubious interpretations of RCW 42.56.080, -.120, -.510, and -.010(3)(4).

Succinctly, Mr. Smith seeks reasonable injunction by the State Superior Court regarding his multi-year long attempts for (1) lawful compulsory disclosure of a simple Public Record well-defined by RCW 42.56.010(3)(4), and (2) lawful response from the State Judiciary to his Notices of Felony Acts (falsification of a Public Record, RCW 9A.72.020, 40.16.010, -.020, -.030) that axiomatically trigger 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 responsibilities and duties.

2. IDENTIFICATION OF MOVER

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Per RCW 42.56.550(3), this action is de novo.

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For nine (9) years, the Defendant has continually ignored or suppressed dozens of proper request for compulsory disclosure of a simple Public Record.

Appendices BI and BII contain uncontested and therefore averred (per CR 37(a)(3)) proof of Defendant's criminal (felony) fabrication of State's solitary evidence sustaining Smith's incarceration under J&S #13-1-01035-6: 'State v. Smith', 196 Wn.App 238-39 (2016). This fact triggers both prongs of ER 1003.

Appendix C contains recent examples of Smith's reasonable attempts to achieve lawful response from Defendant / City of Vancouver-VPD, to no avail but the banal ignoring and obfuscation of a simple, reasonable, and well-crafted Request.

IN FACT, THE VPD'S ELUSIVE ASSESSMENT THAT THE VOICE RECORDING IS NOT AN IDENTIFIABLE PUBLIC RECORD IS NUGATORY, ABSURD AND UNLAWFULLY WRONG AS THEY SITE THE VERY CODE (RCW 42.56.010(3)(4)) THAT REFUTES THEIR WILLFUL MISREPRESENTATION OF IT. THIS LEGERDEMAIN IS PATENT.

4. ISSUE FOR REVIEW

- i. Is it lawful for public officials to ignore ubiquitous laws for mandatory disclosure ('Brady v. Maryland' (1963), Public Records Act (RCW 42.56), Freedom of Information Act)?
- ii. Is it lawful to fabricate a fake Public Record as evidence (RCW 9A.72 and 40.16) to purchase and sustain a criminal conviction ('State v. Smith', 196 Wn.App 238-39 (2016))?
- iii. Is it lawful for State courts to enable and sustain the proven criminal acts of (i) and (ii) (18 USCS §§ 3 & 4)?

5. ARGUMENT

This cause remains axiomatic – it is self-evident that the VPD is disregarding simple law because the State judiciary is allowing the agency to.

Do 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4 include exemptions whenever diversionary protocols exist? Of course not.

in re: Case No. 13-1-01035-6

VPD officer Sandra Aldridge, the key perpetrator of the acoustic fabrication, has been found to have a rather extensive history of professional misconduct in more than one State, including acts of audio evidence fabrication and dishonesty.

Defendant continues to purposefully break ubiquitous disclosure laws, and State courts continue to purposefully violate 18 USCS §§ 3 & 4. The result not only conceals Defendant's felony acts, but also sustains the denial of Smith's highly protected personal substantive Due Process right to security against fabricated evidence (US Constitution, Amend. 14 for States, §1).

Citing RCW 42.56.550(3):

"Courts shall take into account the policy of this Chapter that free and open examination of Public Records is in the public interest, even though such examination may cause inconvenience or embarrassment to public officials or to others."

6. CONCLUSION

This State Court should finally stop the buck here.

Lawful Resolution remains extraordinarily efficient, simple and compulsory: "Play The Real Voice Mail – It's The Law".

Respectfully submitted under penalty of perjury on this 6th Day of June, 2022 by:

J. Garrett Smith, PE

Movant

Cost foste of Service I do hereby certify GR 3.1 service of the freegoing Morrow to AMEND' in No. 101014-1 to the following via US Mail: · Temple of Tustice 415 12th Ave. SW Olympia, WA 98504-0929 · CoA-DIVIT 909 A St., Ste. 200 Tacoma, WA 9840Z · Clark County Francista PO BOX 5000 Vancouver, WA 98666 DATE: 9.16.22 SIGNED: John Garrel South

garrett Swith 351176 sic Unit #C11 Creek Camp Bordeaux Rd. sck, WA 98556



Ms. Sarah Pendleton Supreme Court Deputy Clerk TEMPLE OF JUSTICE 415 12th Ave. SW Olympia, WA

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month.